# Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve SEACAR Habitat Analyses

Last compiled on 08 January, 2025

Contents	
Funding & Acknowledgements	<b>2</b>
Threshold Filtering	<b>2</b>
Value Qualifiers	3
Water Column	5
Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis	<b>5</b>
Water Quality - Discrete         Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality         Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality         Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete Water Quality         Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete Water Quality         Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete Water Quality         pH - Discrete Water Quality         Salinity - Discrete Water Quality         Secchi Depth - Discrete Water Quality         Total Nitrogen - Discrete Water Quality         Total Suspended Solids - Discrete Water Quality         Turbidity - Discrete Water Quality         Water Temperature - Discrete Water Quality	8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 25 27 28
Salinity - All Stations Combined	37
Parameters	

# Funding & Acknowledgements

The data used in this analysis is from the Export Standardized Tables in the SEACAR Data Discovery Interface (DDI). Documents and information available through the SEACAR DDI are owned by the data provider(s) and users are expected to provide appropriate credit following accepted citation formats. Users are encouraged to access data to maximize utilization of gained knowledge, reducing redundant research and facilitating partnerships and scientific innovation.

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# **Threshold Filtering**

Threshold filters, following the guidance of Florida Department of Environmental Protection's (*FDEP*) Division of Environmental Assessment and Restoration (*DEAR*) are used to exclude specific results values from the SEACAR Analysis. Based on the threshold filters, Quality Assurance / Quality Control (*QAQC*) Flags are inserted into the *SEACAR\_QAQCFlagCode* and *SEACAR\_QAQC\_Description* columns of the export data. The *Include* column indicates whether the *QAQC* Flag will also indicate that data are excluded from analysis. No data are excluded from the data export, but the analysis scripts can use the *Include* column to exclude data (1 to include, 0 to exclude).

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-0.000001	50
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	500
Salinity	$\operatorname{ppt}$	-0.000001	70
Turbidity	NTU	-0.000001	4000
Water Temperature	Degrees C	-5.000000	45
pH	None	2.000000	14

Table 1: Continuous Water Quality threshold values

Table 2: 1	Discrete W	Vater Q	uality the	reshold v	alues

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Ammonia, Un-ionized (NH3)	mg/L	-	-
Ammonium, Filtered (NH4)	mg/L	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin	$\rm ug/L$	-	-
Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin	$\mathrm{ug/L}$	-	-
Colored Dissolved Organic Matter	PCU	-	-

Parameter Name	Units	Low Threshold	High Threshold
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	-0.000001	25
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation	%	-0.000001	310
Fluorescent Dissolved Organic Matter	QSE	-	-
Light Extinction Coefficient	m^-1	-	-
NO2+3, Filtered	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Nitrate (NO3)	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Nitrite (NO2)	m mg/L	-	-
Nitrogen, organic	m mg/L	-	-
Phosphate, Filtered (PO4)	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Salinity	$\operatorname{ppt}$	-0.000001	70
Secchi Depth	m	0.000001	50
Specific Conductivity	$\mathrm{mS/cm}$	0.005000	100
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	-	-
Total Nitrogen	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Total Nitrogen	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Total Phosphorus	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Total Suspended Solids	$\mathrm{mg/L}$	-	-
Turbidity	NTU	-	-
Water Temperature	Degrees C	3.000000	40
рН	None	2.000000	13

Table 3: Quality Assurance Flags inserted based on threshold checks listed in Table 1 and 2

SEACAR QAQC Description	Include	$SEACAR \ QAQCFlagCode$
Exceeds maximum threshold	0	2Q
Below minimum threshold	0	4Q
Within threshold tolerance	1	6Q
No defined thresholds for this parameter	1	7Q

# Value Qualifiers

Value qualifier codes included within the data are used to exclude certain results from the analysis. The data are retained in the data export files, but the analysis uses the *Include* column to filter the results.

#### STORET and WIN value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from *STORET* and *WIN* data are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports.

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	MDL	Description
STORET-WIN	Н	0	0	Value based on field kit determination; results may not be accurate
STORET-WIN	J	0	0	Estimated value
STORET-WIN	V	0	0	Analyte was detected at or above method detection limit
STORET-WIN	Y	0	0	Lab analysis from an improperly preserved sample; data may be inaccurate

Table 4: Value Qualifier codes excluded from analysis

# Discrete Water Quality Value Qualifiers

The following value qualifiers are highlighted in the Discrete Water Quality section of this report. An exception is made for **Program 476** - *Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network* and data flagged with Value Qualifier **H** are included for this program only.

 $\mathbf{H}$  - Value based on field kit determiniation; results may not be accurate. This code shall be used if a field screening test (e.g., field gas chromatograph data, immunoassay, or vendor-supplied field kit) was used to generate the value and the field kit or method has not been recognized by the Department as equivalent to laboratory methods.

 ${\bf I}$  - The reported value is greater than or equal to the laboratory method detection limit but less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit.

 $\mathbf{Q}$  - Sample held beyond the accepted holding time. This code shall be used if the value is derived from a sample that was prepared or analyzed after the approved holding time restrictions for sample preparation or analysis.

 ${f S}$  - Secchi disk visible to bottom of waterbody. The value reported is the depth of the waterbody at the location of the Secchi disk measurement.

U - Indicates that the compound was analyzed for but not detected. This symbol shall be used to indicate that the specified component was not detected. The value associated with the qualifier shall be the laboratory method detection limit. Unless requested by the client, less than the method detection limit values shall not be reported

#### Systemwide Monitoring Program (SWMP) value qualifier codes

Value qualifier codes from the *SWMP* continuous program are examined with the database and used to populate the *Include* column in data exports. *SWMP* Qualifier Codes are indicated by *QualifierSource=SWMP*.

Qualifier Source	Value Qualifier	Include	Description
SWMP	-1	Yes	Optional parameter not collected
SWMP	-2	No	Missing data
SWMP	-3	No	Data rejected due to QA/QC
SWMP	-4	No	Outside low sensor range
SWMP	-5	No	Outside high sensor range
SWMP	0	Yes	Passed initial QA/QC checks
SWMP	1	No	Suspect data
SWMP	2	Yes	Reserved for future use
SWMP	3	Yes	Calculated data: non-vented depth/level sensor correction for changes in barometric pressure
SWMP	4	Yes	Historical: Pre-auto QA/QC
SWMP	5	Yes	Corrected data

Table	$5 \cdot$	SWMP	Value	Qualifier	codes
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# Water Column

The water column habitat extends from the water's surface to the bottom sediments, and it's where fish, dolphins, crabs and people swim! So much life makes its home in the water column that the health of marine and coastal ecosystems, as well as human economies, depend on the condition of this vulnerable habitat. Local patterns of rainfall, temperature, winds and currents can rapidly change the condition of the water column, while global influences such as El Niño/La Niña, large-scale fluctuation in sea temperatures and climate change can have long-term effects. Inputs from the prosperity of our day-to-day lives including farming, mining and forestry, and emissions from power generation, automobiles and water treatment can also alter the health of the water column. Acting alone or together, each input can have complex and lasting effects on habitats and ecosystems.

SEACAR evaluates water column health with several essential parameters. These include nutrient surveys of nitrogen and phosphorus, andwater quality assessments of salinity, dissolved oxygen, pH, and water temperature. Water clarity is evaluated with Secchi depth, turbidity, levels of chlorophyll a, total suspended solids, and colored dissolved organic matter. Additionally, the richness of nekton is indicated by the abundance of free-swimming fishes and macroinvertebrates like crabs and shrimps.

# Seasonal Kendall-Tau Analysis

Indicators must have a minimum of five to ten years, depending on the habitat, of data within the geographic range of the analysis to be included in the analysis. Ten years of data are required for discrete parameters, and five years of data are required for continuous parameters. If there are insufficient years of data, the number of years of data available will be noted and labeled as "insufficient data to conduct analysis". Further, for the preferred Seasonal Kendall-Tau test, there must be data from at least two months in common across at least two consecutive years within the RCP managed area being analyzed. Values that pass both of these tests will be included in the analysis and be labeled as  $Use_In_Analysis = TRUE$ . Any that fail either test will be excluded from the analyses and labeled as  $Use_In_Analysis = FALSE$ . The points for all Water Column plots displayed in this section are monthly averages. Trend significance will be denoted as "Significant Trend" (when p < 0.05), or "Non-significant Trend" (when p >= 0.05). Any parameters with insufficient data to perform Seasonal Kendall-Tau test will have their monthly averages plotted without a corresponding trend line.

# Water Quality - Discrete

The following files were used in the discrete analysis:

- $\bullet \ \ Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Chlorophyll\_a\_corrected\_for\_pheophytin-2024-Dec-08.txt\\$
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Chlorophyll\_a\_uncorrected\_for\_pheophytin-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Colored\_dissolved\_organic\_matter\_CDOM-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Dissolved\_Oxygen-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Dissolved\_Oxygen\_Saturation-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_pH-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Salinity-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Secchi\_Depth-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Total\_Nitrogen-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Total\_Phosphorus-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Total\_Suspended\_Solids\_TSS-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Turbidity-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_Water\_Temperature-2024-Dec-08.txt

# Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

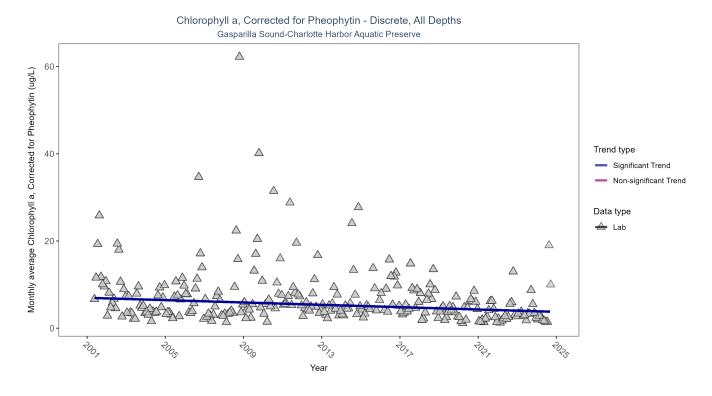


Figure 1: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin - Discrete

Table 6: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	4501	24	3.74	TRUE	-0.2458	0	-0.1341	6.9763	7.4913	0.758	-1

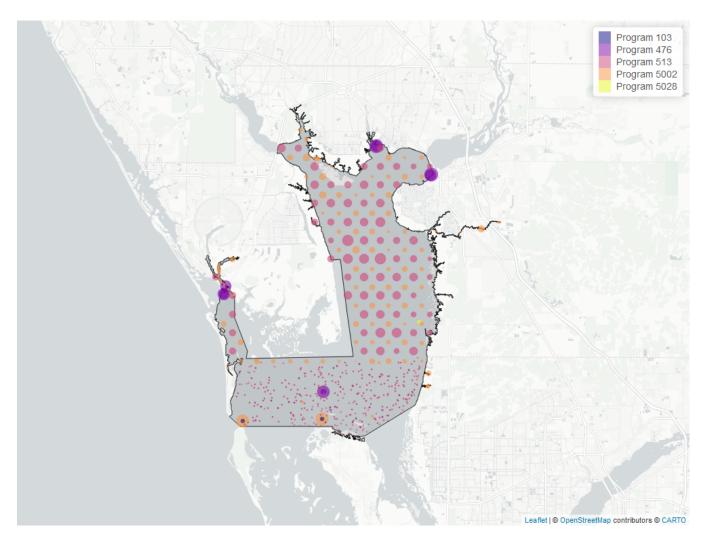


Figure 2: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	N_Data	Y ear M in	YearMax
513	2595	2001	2024
5002	1228	2001	2024
476	632	2008	2024
103	88	2020	2021
5028	8	2024	2024

 Table 7: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Corrected for Pheophytin

- 103 EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX  $^{1}$
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring  $\rm Network^2$
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4
- 5028 Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality  $\rm Program^5$

# Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete Water Quality Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis

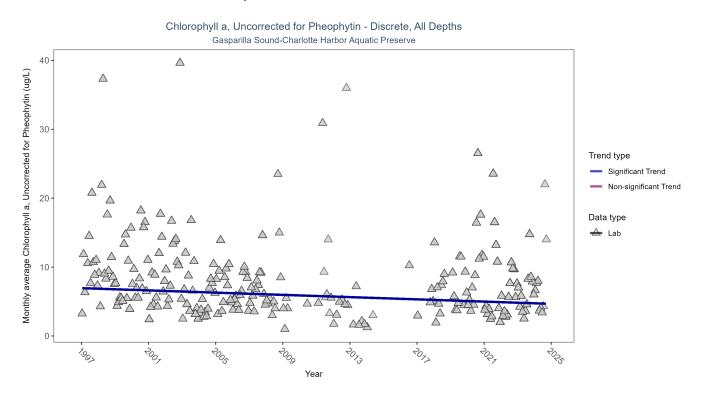


Figure 3: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin - Discrete

Table 8: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin
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RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	2482	27	4.72	TRUE	-0.1678	0.0003	-0.0813	6.9403	10.7346	0.4658	-1

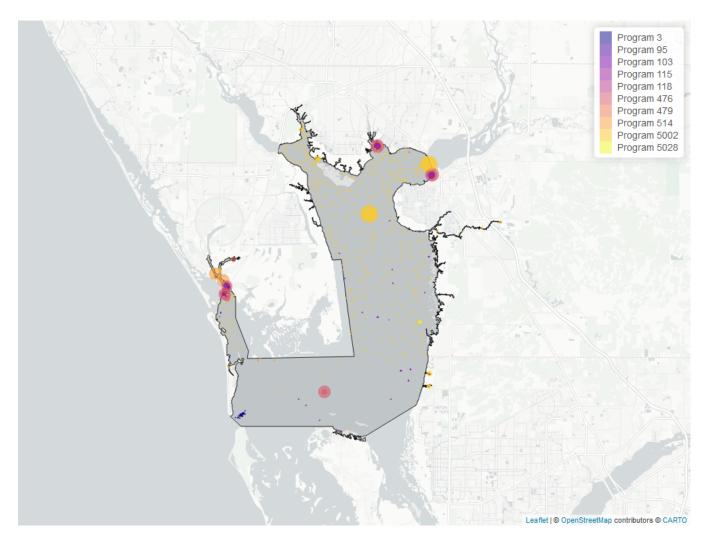


Figure 4: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	N_Data	Y ear M in	YearMax
5002	1527	1997	2024
476	680	1998	2024
514	165	2000	2009
103	129	2000	2022
3	47	2001	2023
5028	10	2024	2024
95	7	2003	2010
115	6	2000	2004
118	5	2000	2010
479	2	2002	2002

 Table 9: Programs contributing data for Chlorophyll a, Uncorrected for Pheophytin

#### Program names:

 $\beta$  - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard Surveys^6

- 95 Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation  $\rm Network^7$
- 103 EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX  $\!\!\!\!$
- 115 Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program<sup>8</sup>
- 118 National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment<sup>9</sup>
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring<sup>10</sup>
- 514 Florida LAKEWATCH  $\rm Program^{11}$
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4

5028 - Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality Program<sup>5</sup>

# Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete Water Quality

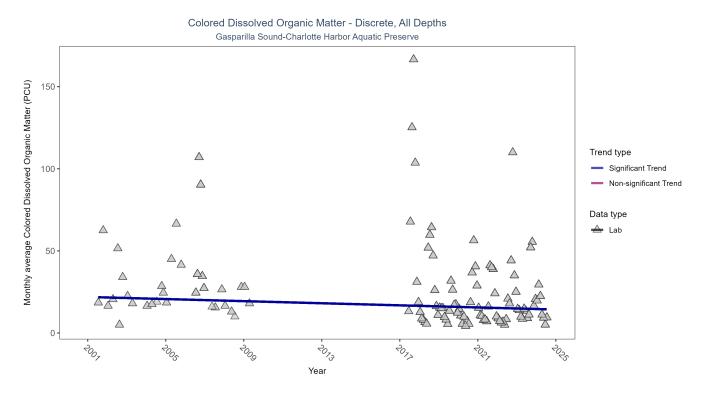


Figure 5: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter - Discrete

Table 10: Seasonal	Kendall-Tau	Trend Anal	vsis for	Colored	Dissolved	Organic Matter

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	${\bf Senn Intercept}$	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	1187	17	13	TRUE	-0.1446	0.0152	-0.3188	21.9297	10.3771	0.4968	-1

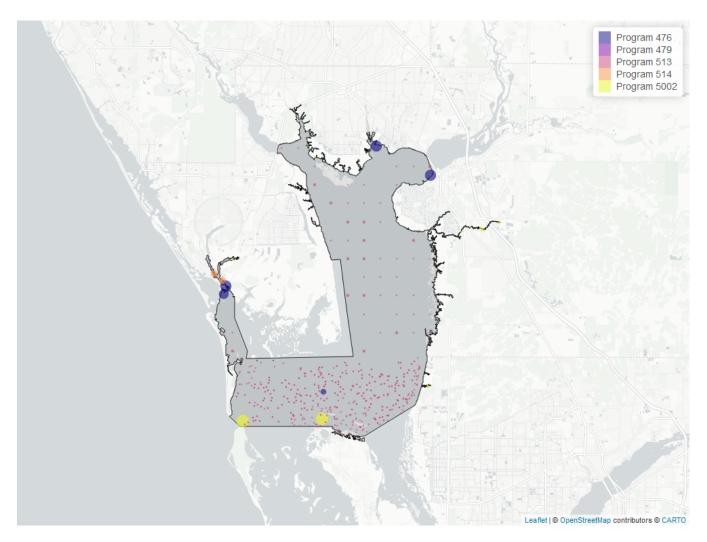


Figure 6: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
513	688	2006	2024
476	268	2017	2024
5002	180	2018	2024
514	49	2001	2009
479	2	2002	2002

Table 11: Programs contributing data for Colored Dissolved Organic Matter

- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479- Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring^{10}
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- 514 Florida LAKEWATCH  $\rm Program^{11}$
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4

# Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete Water Quality

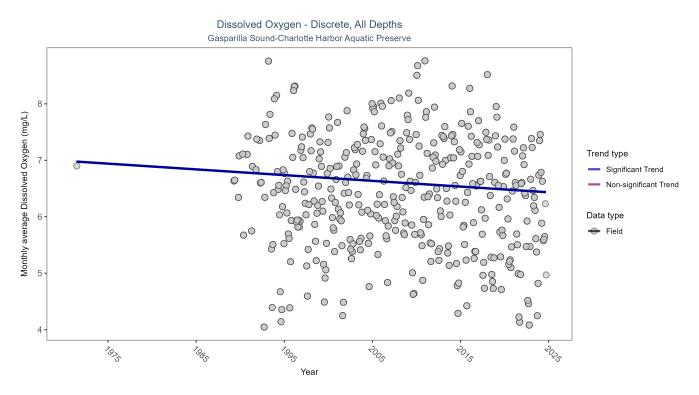


Figure 7: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen - Discrete

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	74232	37	6.55	TRUE	-0.1305	0.0001	-0.0102	6.9814	15.4261	0.1638	-1

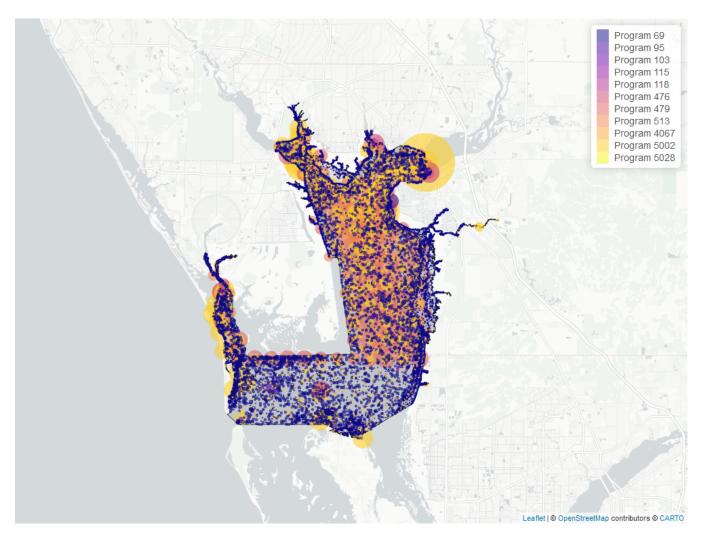


Figure 8: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Dissolved Oxygen. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear Min	YearMax
69	35920	1989	2022
5002	19508	1993	2024
479	11958	2001	2016
513	5260	2001	2024
476	1092	1996	2024
95	398	1971	2018
103	151	2003	2022
118	32	2000	2020
115	27	2000	2004
5028	7	2024	2024

Table 13: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen

- 69 Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM)  $\rm Program^{12}$
- 95 Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation  $\rm Network^7$
- 103 EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX^1

- 115 Environmental Monitoring Assessment  ${\rm Program}^8$
- 118 National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment<sup>9</sup>
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring<sup>10</sup>
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network<sup>3</sup>
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN<sup>4</sup>
- 5028 Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality Program<sup>5</sup>

# Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete Water Quality

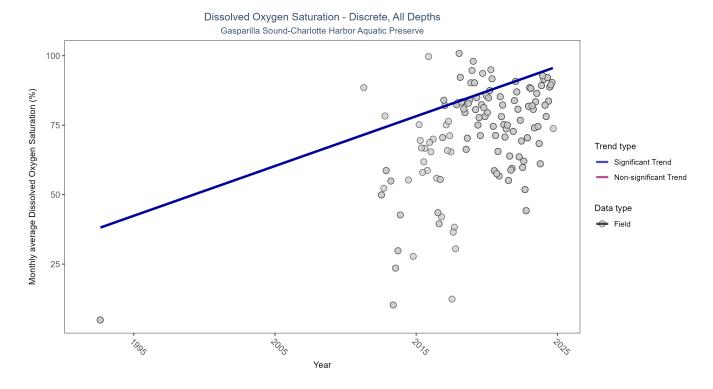


Figure 9: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation - Discrete

Table 14: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	772	15	82.85	TRUE	0.2956	0	1.7917	37.0141	11.1141	0.4338	1

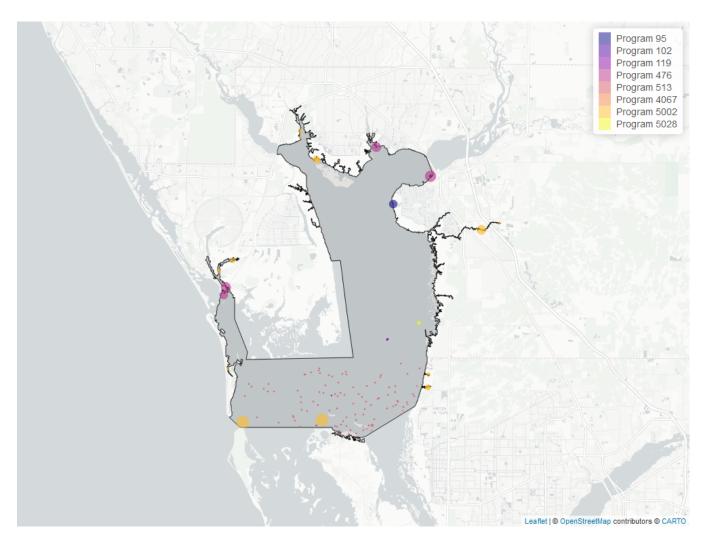


Figure 10: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear Min	Y ear Max
5002	327	2012	2024
476	222	2016	2024
513	199	2020	2024
95	43	2011	2018
5028	9	2024	2024
102	6	1992	1992

Table 15: Programs contributing data for Dissolved Oxygen Saturation

- 95 Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network<sup>7</sup>
- 102 National Status and Trends Mussel Watch  $^{13}$
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring  $\rm Network^2$
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4
- 5028 Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality  $\rm Program^5$

# pH - Discrete Water Quality

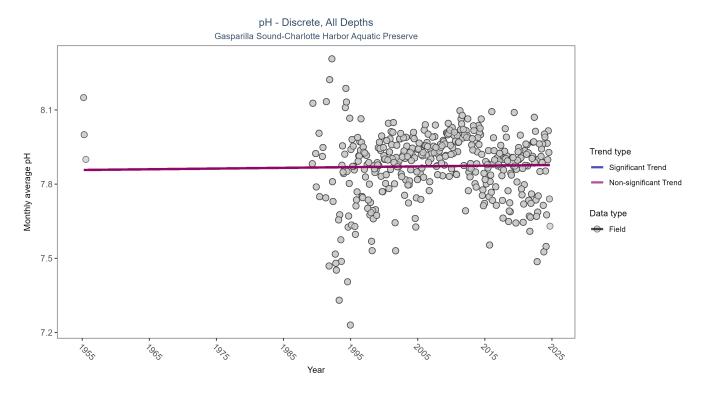


Figure 11: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for pH - Discrete

Table 16: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for	r pH
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RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	70874	37	7.91	TRUE	0.0233	0.5543	0.0003	7.8572	6.5033	0.8378	0

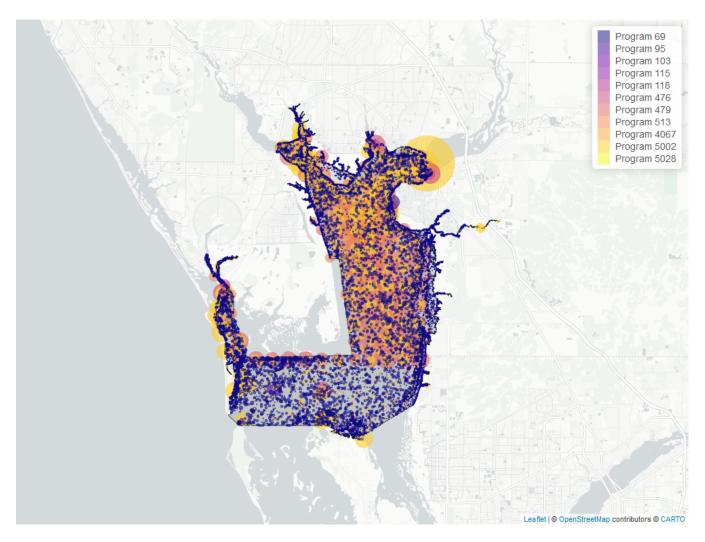


Figure 12: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for pH. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear Min	YearMax
69	35469	1989	2022
5002	16803	1993	2024
479	11746	2001	2016
513	5210	2001	2024
476	1125	1996	2024
95	368	1955	2018
103	151	2003	2022
115	27	2000	2004
5028	9	2024	2024

Table 17: Programs contributing data for pH

- Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM)  $\rm Program^{12}$
- Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation  $\rm Network^7$
- EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX<sup>1</sup>
- Environmental Monitoring Assessment  ${\rm Program}^8$

- Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring  $\rm Network^2$
- Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring  $^{10}$
- Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- Florida STORET / WIN<sup>4</sup>
- Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality  ${\rm Program}^5$

## Salinity - Discrete Water Quality

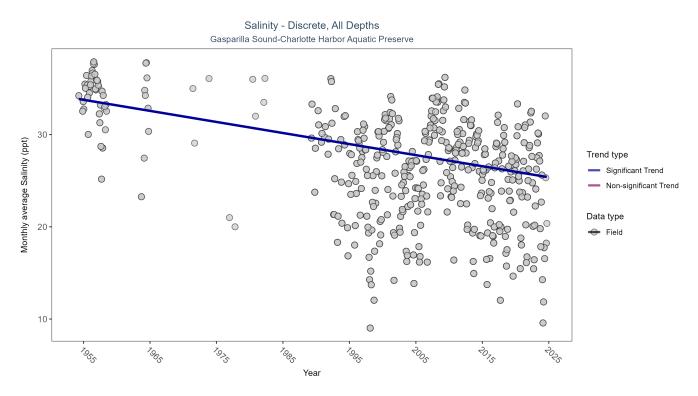


Figure 13: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Salinity - Discrete

Table 18:	Seasonal	Kendall-Tau	Trend	Analysis	for Salinity

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	72763	49	26.7	TRUE	-0.2941	0	-0.12	33.8949	2.9125	0.9918	-1

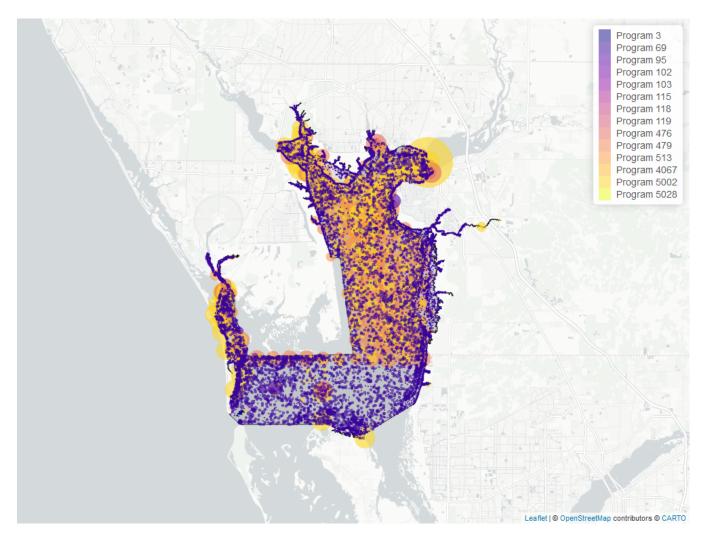


Figure 14: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Salinity. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear Min	Y ear Max
69	36265	1989	2022
5002	17466	1995	2024
479	11924	2001	2016
513	5075	2001	2024
476	1120	1996	2024
95	804	1954	2018
3	50	2001	2023
115	27	2000	2004
118	26	2015	2020
5028	9	2024	2024
102	6	1992	1992
103	5	2003	2004

Table 19: Programs contributing data for Salinity

3 - Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) South Florida Program Synoptic Shipboard

 $Surveys^6$ 

- 69 Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM)  $\rm Program^{12}$
- 95 Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation Network<sup>7</sup>
- 102 National Status and Trends Mussel Watch  $^{13}$
- 103 EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX<sup>1</sup>
- 115 Environmental Monitoring Assessment  ${\rm Program}^8$
- 118 National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment<sup>9</sup>
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring<sup>10</sup>
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring Network^3
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4

5028 - Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality  $\rm Program^5$ 

# Secchi Depth - Discrete Water Quality

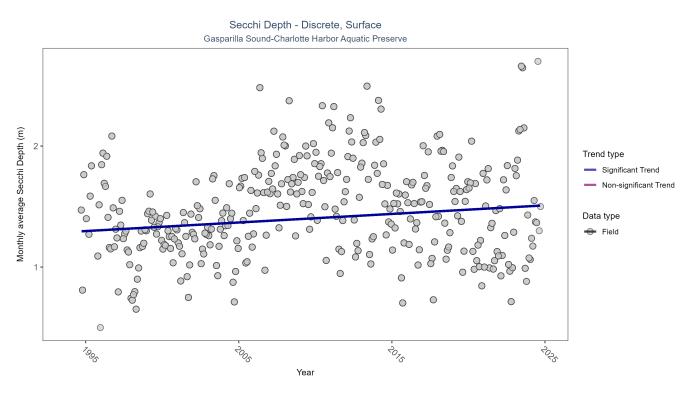


Figure 15: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Secchi Depth - Discrete

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
Surface	44333	31	1.2	TRUE	0.12	0.0015	0.0071	1.2905	12.7846	0.3076	1

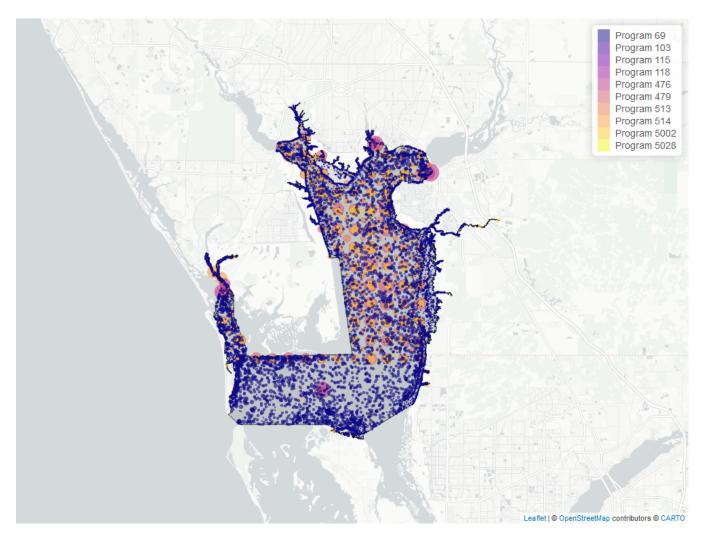


Figure 16: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Secchi Depth. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear M in	YearMax
69	33261	1994	2022
479	5322	2001	2016
5002	3544	2003	2024
513	1074	2001	2024
476	906	1996	2024
514	159	2000	2009
103	65	2020	2022
5028	7	2024	2024
115	5	2000	2004

Table 21: Programs contributing data for Secchi Depth

- Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program<sup>12</sup>
- EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX^1
- Environmental Monitoring Assessment  ${\rm Program}^8$
- Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring  $\rm Network^2$

- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring<sup>10</sup>
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- 514 Florida LAKEWATCH  $\rm Program^{11}$
- 5002 Florida STORET / WIN^4
- 5028 Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality Program<sup>5</sup>

## Total Nitrogen - Discrete Water Quality

#### **Total Nitrogen Calculation:**

The logic for calculated Total Nitrogen was provided by Kevin O'Donnell and colleagues at FDEP (with the help of Jay Silvanima, Watershed Monitoring Section). The following logic is used, in this order, based on the availability of specific nitrogen components.

- 1) TN = TKN + NO3O2;
- 2) TN = TKN + NO3 + NO2;
- 3) TN = ORGN + NH4 + NO3O2;
- 4) TN = ORGN + NH4 + NO2 + NO3;
- 5) TN = TKN + NO3;
- 6) TN = ORGN + NH4 + NO3;

Additional Information:

- Rules for use of sample fraction:
  - Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) report that if both "Total" and "Dissolved" components are reported, only "Total" is used. If the total is not reported, then the dissolved components are used as a best available replacement.
  - Total nitrogen calculations are done using nitrogen components with the same sample fraction, nitrogen components with mixed total/dissolved sample fractions are not used. In other words, total nitrogen can be calculated when TKN and NO3O2 are both total sample fractions, or when both are dissolved sample fractions. *Future calculations of total nitrogen values may be based on components with mixed sample fractions*.
- Values inserted into data:
  - ParameterName = "Total Nitrogen"
  - SEACAR\_QAQCFlagCode = "1Q"
  - SEACAR\_QAQC\_Description = "SEACAR Calculated"

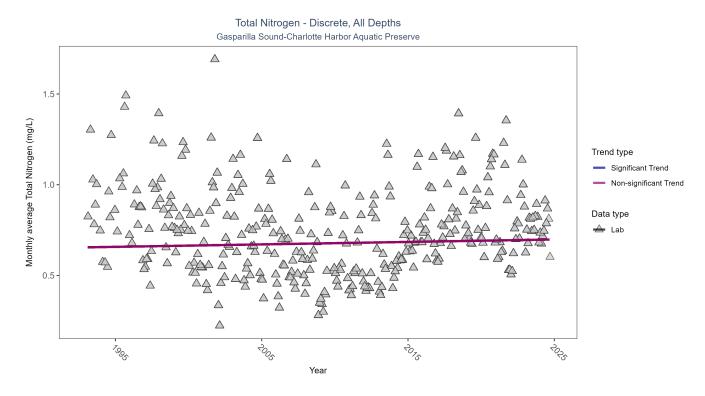


Figure 17: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Total Nitrogen - Discrete

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	${\it SennSlope}$	${\bf SennIntercept}$	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	10595	32	0.66	TRUE	0.0468	0.2406	0.0014	0.6549	4.5691	0.9502	0

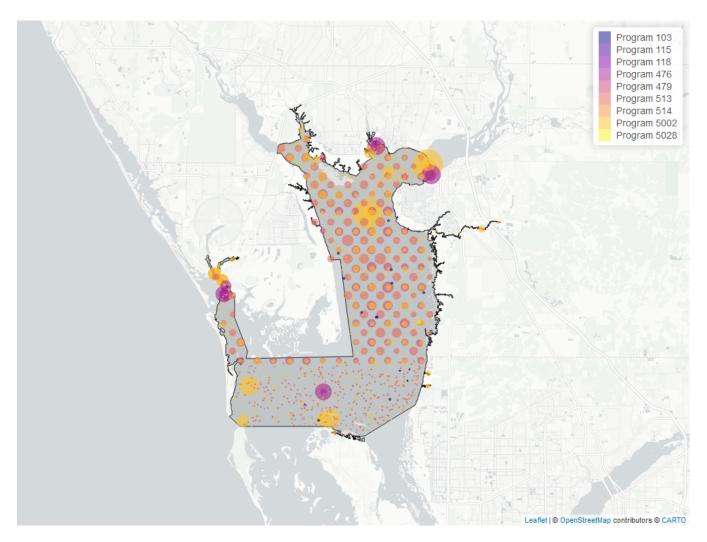


Figure 18: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Nitrogen. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	N_Data	YearMin	YearMax
5002	4737	1993	2024
513	2581	2001	2024
479	2134	2002	2016
476	963	1998	2024
514	169	2000	2009
103	43	2000	2006
5028	8	2024	2024
115	4	2000	2003

Table 23: Programs contributing data for Total Nitrogen

- 103 EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX<sup>1</sup>
- 115 Environmental Monitoring Assessment  $\rm Program^8$
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring  $^{10}$
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program  $^{11}$ <br/>5002 - Florida STORET / WIN  $^4$ <br/>5028 - Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality Program  $^5$ 

## **Total Phosphorus - Discrete Water Quality**

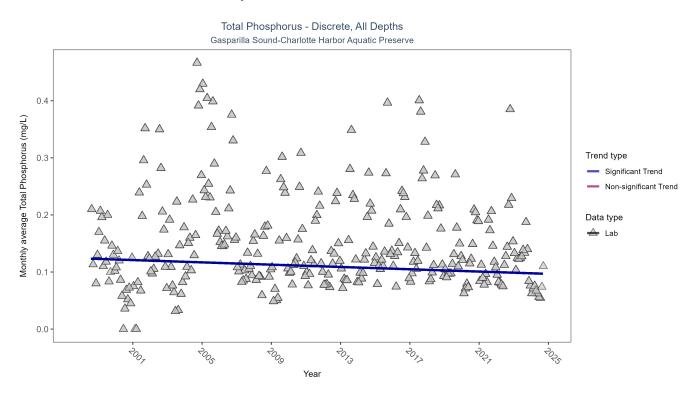


Figure 19: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Total Phosphorus - Discrete

Table 24: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Phosphorus

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8673	27	0.119	TRUE	-0.1003	0.0126	-0.001	0.1239	9.8666	0.5424	-1

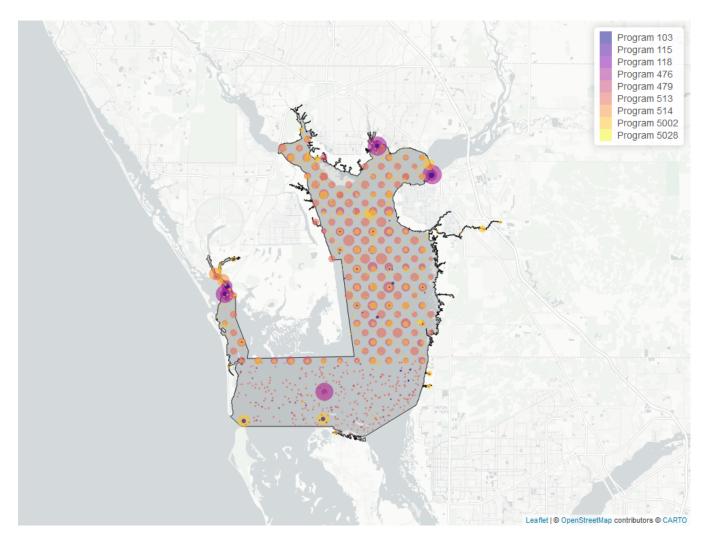


Figure 20: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Phosphorus. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	YearMin	YearMax
513	2607	2001	2024
5002	2591	2001	2024
479	2118	2002	2016
476	1053	1998	2024
103	185	2000	2022
514	169	2000	2009
5028	8	2024	2024
115	4	2000	2003

Table 25: Programs contributing data for Total Phosphorus

- 103 EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX<sup>1</sup>
- 115 Environmental Monitoring Assessment  $\rm Program^8$
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network<sup>2</sup>
- 479 Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring  $^{10}$
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$

514 - Florida LAKEWATCH Program  $^{11}$ <br/>5002 - Florida STORET / WIN  $^4$ <br/>5028 - Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality Program  $^5$ 

# Total Suspended Solids - Discrete Water Quality

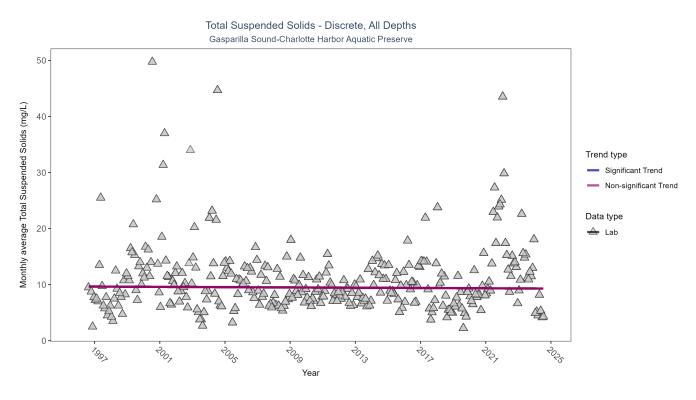


Figure 21: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Total Suspended Solids - Discrete

Table 26: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Trend Analysis for Total Suspended Solids

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	8645	29	7.2	TRUE	-0.0144	0.7031	-0.0127	9.663	4.4863	0.9535	0

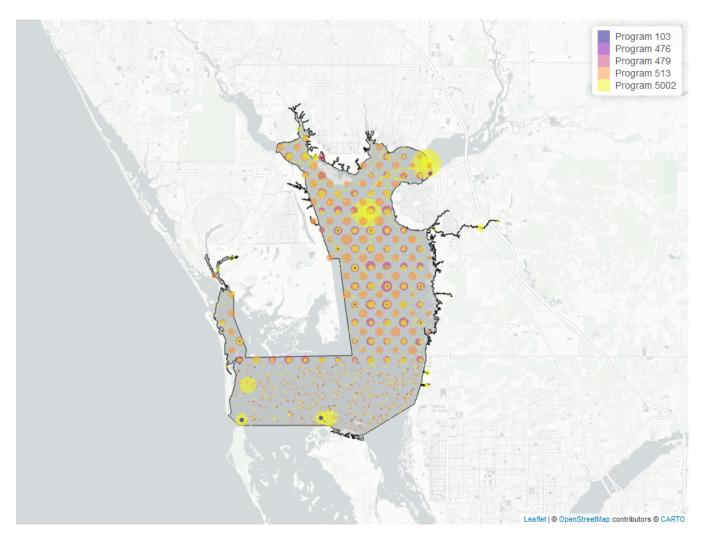


Figure 22: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Total Suspended Solids. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear M in	YearMax
5002	4102	1996	2024
513	2497	2001	2024
479	2137	2002	2016
103	115	2020	2021
476	10	2016	2016

Table 27: Programs contributing data for Total Suspended Solids

- 103 EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX^1
- 476 Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network^2
- 479- Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring^{10}
- 513 Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- 5002 Florida STORET /  $\rm WIN^4$

# Turbidity - Discrete Water Quality

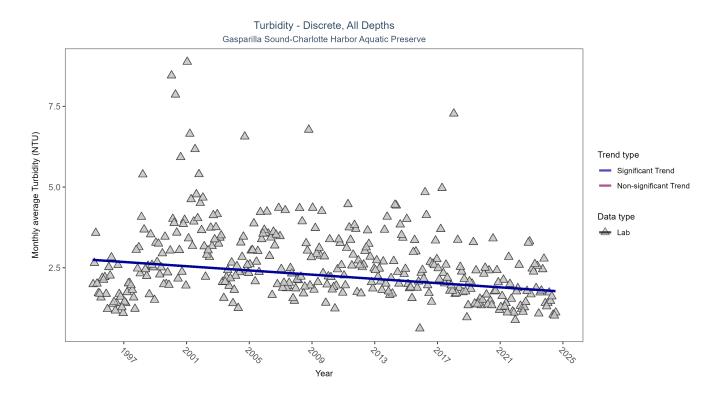


Figure 23: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Turbidity - Discrete

Table 28:	Seasonal	Kendall-Tau	Trend	Analysis	for	Turbidity

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	${\it SennSlope}$	${\bf Senn Intercept}$	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	14525	30	1.94	TRUE	-0.2129	0	-0.0327	2.7457	5.311	0.9152	-1

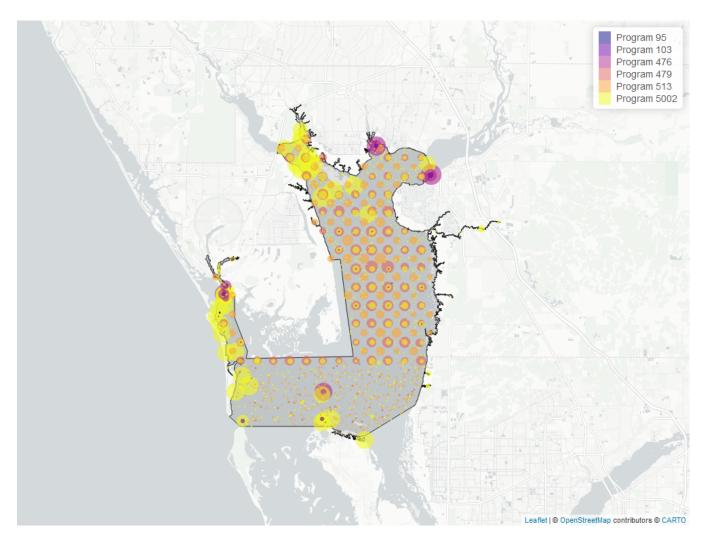


Figure 24: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Turbidity. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	N_Data	Y ear M in	YearMax
5002	8143	1995	2024
479	3386	2001	2016
513	2594	2001	2024
476	1095	1998	2024
103	159	2006	2022
95	6	2003	2003

Table 29: Programs contributing data for Turbidity

- Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation  $\rm Network^7$
- EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX  $^{1}$
- Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network^2
- Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring^{10}
- Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- Florida STORET / WIN^4

# Water Temperature - Discrete Water Quality

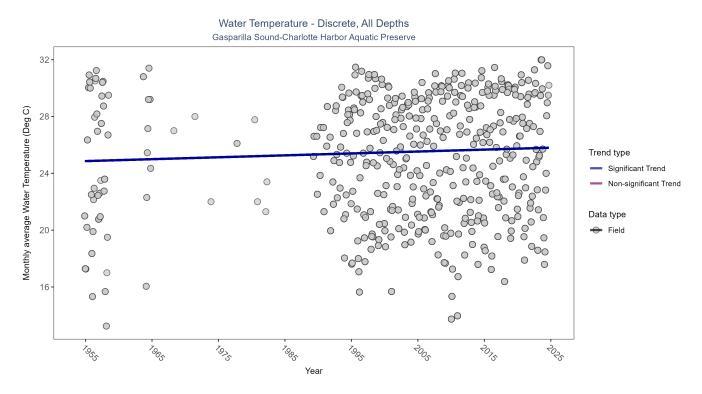


Figure 25: Seasonal Kendall-Tau Results for Water Temperature - Discrete

RelativeDepth	N-Data	N-Years	Median	Independent	tau	р	SennSlope	SennIntercept	ChiSquared	pChiSquared	Trend
All	75271	49	26.1	TRUE	0.1235	0.0002	0.0135	24.8471	6.314	0.8516	1

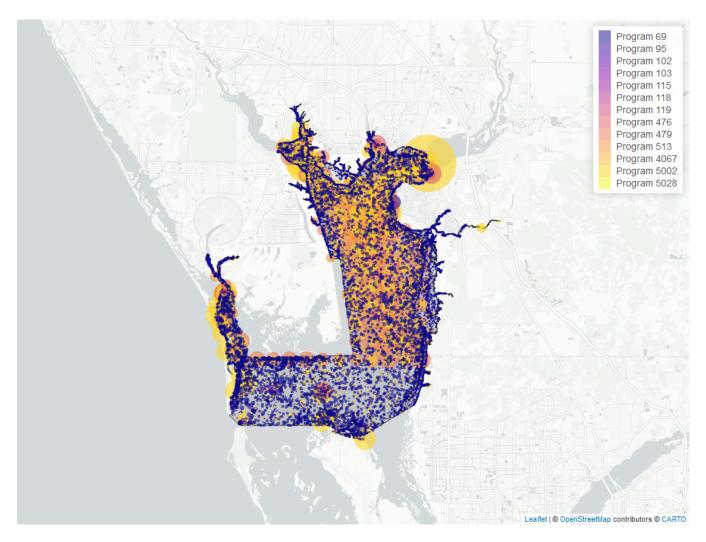


Figure 26: Map showing location of Discrete sampling sites for Water Temperature. The bubble size on the maps below reflect the amount of data available at each sampling site.

ProgramID	$N\_Data$	Y ear Min	YearMax
69	36270	1989	2022
5002	19787	1993	2024
479	11918	2001	2016
513	5259	2001	2024
476	1122	1996	2024
95	725	1954	2018
103	150	2003	2022
115	27	2000	2004
5028	9	2024	2024
102	6	1992	1992

Table 31: Programs contributing data for Water Temperature

- 69 Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM)  $\rm Program^{12}$
- 95- Harmful Algal Bloom Marine Observation  $\rm Network^7$
- 102 National Status and Trends Mussel Watch  $^{13}$

- EPA STO rage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX^1
- Environmental Monitoring Assessment  $\rm Program^8$
- Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring  $\rm Network^2$
- Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring  $^{10}$
- Coastal Charlotte Harbor Monitoring  $\rm Network^3$
- Florida STORET / WIN^4
- Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Monthly Water Quality  $\rm Program^5$

# Water Quality - Continuous

The following files were used in the continuous analysis:

- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_Dissolved\_Oxygen\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_Dissolved\_Oxygen\_Saturation\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_pH\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_Salinity\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_Turbidity\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt
- Combined\_WQ\_WC\_NUT\_cont\_Water\_Temperature\_SW-2024-Dec-08.txt

#### Continuous monitoring locations in Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

Table 32: Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves Continuous Water Quality Monitoring (512)

ProgramLocationID	Years of Data	Use in Analysis	Parameters
CHEW1	1	FALSE	$\rm DO$ , $\rm DOS$ , $\rm pH$ , $\rm Sal$ , $\rm Turb$ , $\rm TempW$

Table 33: National Water Information System (7)

ProgramLocationID	Years of Data	Use in Analysis	Parameters
02293252	4	FALSE	Sal, TempW
02293254	4	FALSE	$\operatorname{Sal}$ , $\operatorname{TempW}$

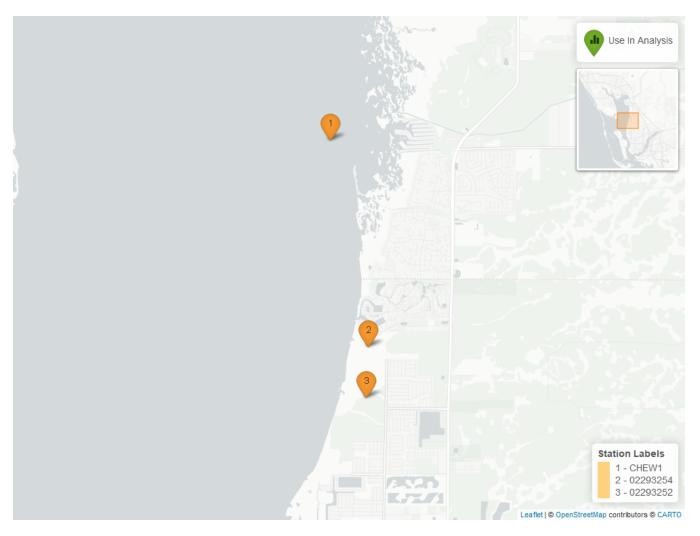


Figure 27: Map showing Continuous Water Quality Monitoring sampling locations within the boundaries of Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve. Sites marked as *Use In Analysis* are featured in this report.

## Salinity - All Stations Combined

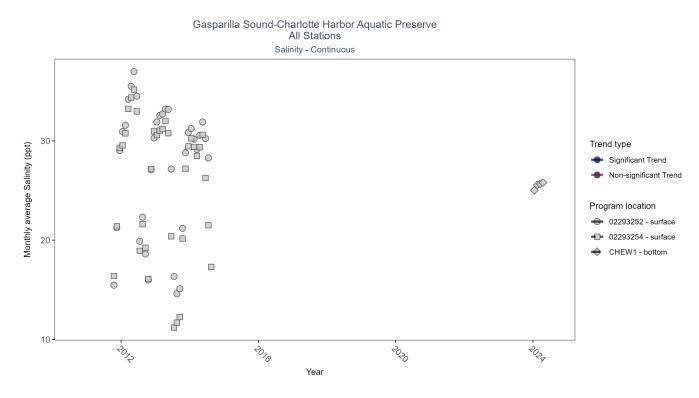


Figure 28: Figure for Salinity - Continuous - All stations combined

Table 34:	Seasonal	Kendall-	Tau	Results	for	All	Stations -	Salinity
10010 011	Secoular	rionation	<b></b>	100000100	101		Nº COLOTIO	~~~~

Station	N_Data	N_Years	Period of Record	Median	tau	SennIntercept	SennSlope	р
02293252	1002	4	2011 - 2014	30.0	-	-	-	-
02293254	1030	4	2011 - 2014	29.0	-	-	-	-
CHEW1	6613	1	2024 - 2024	25.9	-	-	-	-

## Water Temperature - All Stations Combined

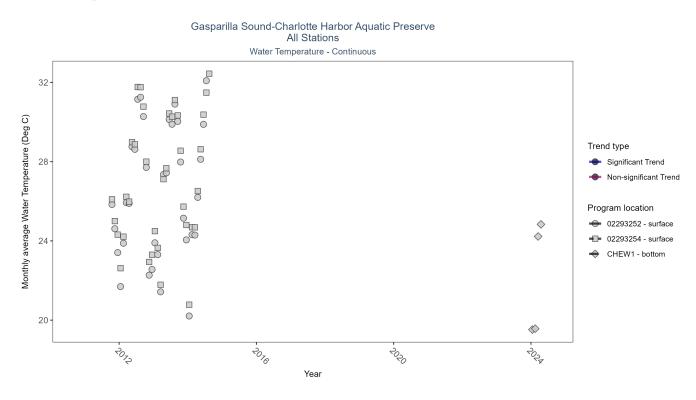


Figure 29: Figure for Water Temperature - Continuous - All stations combined

Table 35	: Seasonal	Kendall-Tau	Results	for	All	Stations -	Water
Tempera	ture						

Station	N_Data	N_Years	Period of Record	Median	tau	SennIntercept	SennSlope	р
02293252	1003	4	2011 - 2014	26.4	-	-	-	-
02293254	1041	4	2011 - 2014	27.0	-	-	-	-
CHEW1	6615	1	2024 - 2024	22.0	-	-	-	-

# Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

## The data file used is: All\_SAV\_Parameters-2024-Dec-08.txt

**Submerged aquatic vegetation** (SAV) refers to plants and plant-like macroalgae species that live entirely underwater. The two primary categories of SAV inhabiting Florida estuaries are *benthic macroalgae* and *seagrasses*. They often grow together in dense beds or meadows that carpet the seafloor. *Macroalgae* include multicellular species of green, red and brown algae that often live attached to the substrate by a holdfast. They tend to grow quickly and can tolerate relatively high nutrient levels, making them a threat to seagrasses and other benthic habitats in areas with poor water quality. In contrast, *seagrasses* are grass-like, vascular, flowering plants that are attached to the seafloor by extensive root systems. *Seagrasses* occur throughout the coastal areas of Florida, including protected bays and lagoons as well as deeper offshore waters on the continental shelf. *Seagrasses* have taken advantage of the broad, shallow shelf and clear water to produce two of the most extensive seagrass beds anywhere in continental North America.

## **Parameters**

**Percent Cover** measures the fraction of an area of seafloor that is covered by SAV, usually estimated by evaluating multiple small areas of seafloor. Percent cover is often estimated for total SAV, individual types of vegetation (seagrass, attached algae, drift algae) and individual species.

**Frequency of Occurrence** was calculated as the number of times a taxon was observed in a year divided by the number of sampling events, multiplied by 100. Analysis is conducted at the quadrat level and is inclusive of all quadrats (i.e., quadrats evaluated using Braun-Blanquet, modified Braun-Blanquet, and percent cover."

## Species

**Turtle grass** (*Thalassia testudinum*) is the largest of the Florida seagrasses, with longer, thicker blades and deeper root structures than any of the other seagrasses. It is considered a climax seagrass species.

**Shoal grass** (*Halodule wrightii*) is an early colonizer of vegetated areas and usually grows in water too shallow for other species except *widgeon grass*. It can often tolerate larger salinity ranges than other seagrass species. *Shoal grass* is characterized by thin, flat blades, that are narrower than *turtle grass* blades.

**Manatee grass** (*Syringodium filiforme*) is easily recognizable because its leaves are thin and cylindrical instead of the flat, ribbon-like form shared by many other seagrass species. The leaves can grow up to half a meter in length. *Manatee grass* is usually found in mixed seagrass beds or small, dense monospecific patches.

**Widgeon grass** (*Ruppia maritima*) grows in both fresh and salt water and is widely distributed throughout Florida's estuaries in less saline areas, particularly in inlets along the east coast. This species resembles *shoal grass* in certain environments but can be identified by the pointed tips of its leaves.

Three species of *Halophila spp.* are found in Florida - **Star grass** (*Halophila engelmannii*), **Paddle grass** (*Halophila decipiens*), and **Johnson's seagrass** (*Halophila johnsonii*). These are smaller, more fragile seagrasses than other Florida species and are considered ephemeral. They grow along a single long rhizome, with short blades. These species are not well-studied, although surveys are underway to define their ecological roles.

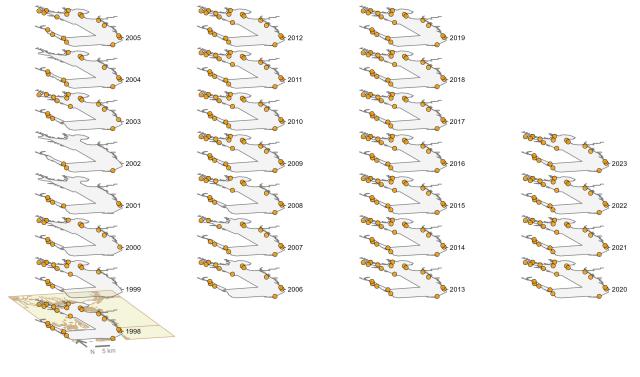
## Notes

Star grass, Paddle grass, and Johnson's seagrass will be grouped together and listed as **Halophila spp.** in the following managed areas. This is because several surveys did not specify to the species level:

- Banana River Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Malabar to Vero Beach Aquatic Preserve
- Indian River-Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve
- Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve
- Loxahatchee River-Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve
- Mosquito Lagoon Aquatic Preserve

- Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve
- Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve SAV Percent Cover - Sample Locations



Program name
 Charlotte Harbor Seagrass Monitoring

Figure 30: Maps showing the temporal scope of SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve* by Program name.

# Sampling locations by Program:

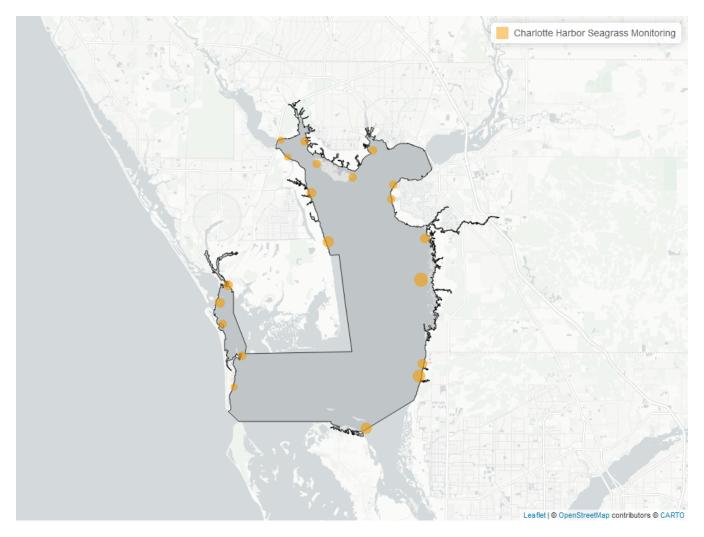
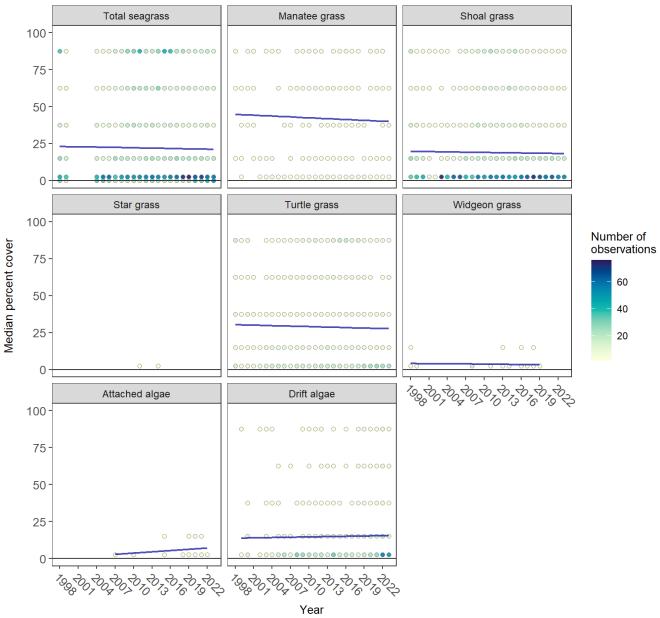


Figure 31: Map showing SAV sampling sites within the boundaries of *Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve*. The point size reflects the number of samples at a given sampling site.

Table 36:	Charlotte Harbor	· Seagrass	Monitoring -	Program 570
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N-Data	YearMin	Y ear Max	method	Sample Locations
8237	1998	2023	Braun Blanquet	20



Median percent cover Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

Figure 32: Trends in median percent cover for various seagrass species in Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

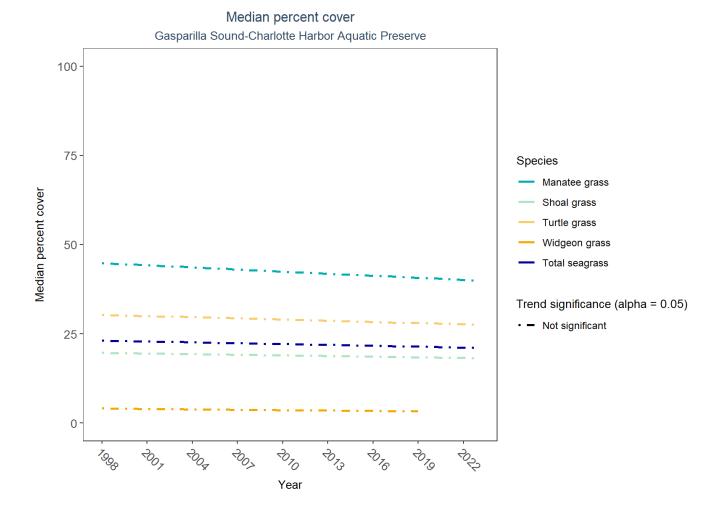
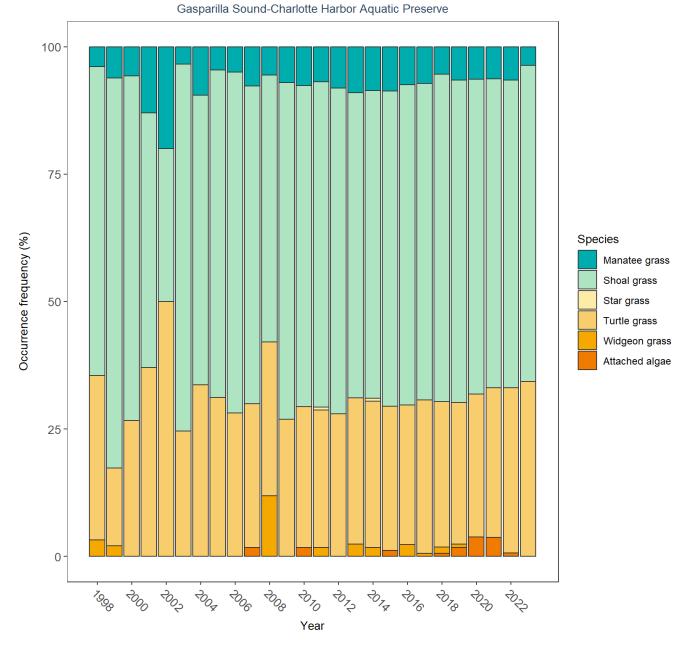


Figure 33: Trends in median percent cover for various seagrass species in Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve - simplified

CommonName	Trend Significance (0.05)	Period of Record	LME-Intercept	$LME ext{-}Slope$	p
Attached algae	No significant trend	2007 - 2022	-0.7444966	0.2838910	0.3167484
Drift algae	No significant trend	1999 - 2023	13.4263312	0.0716067	0.7737228
Shoal grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2023	19.9204266	-0.0582907	0.4403953
Star grass	Insufficient data to calculate trend	-	-	-	-
No grass in quadrat	Model did not fit the available data	1998 - 2023	-	-	-
Widgeon grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2019	4.2618460	-0.0392767	0.7955735
Manatee grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2023	45.5874256	-0.1951330	0.7377890
Turtle grass	No significant trend	1998 - 2023	30.7773744	-0.1100625	0.5650618
Total seagrass	No significant trend	1998 - 2023	23.4553860	-0.0812940	0.2854250

Table 37: Percent Cover Trend Analysis for Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve



Frequency of occurrence

Figure 34: Frequency of occurrence for various seagrass species in Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve

# References

- 1. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). EPA STOrage and RETrieval Data Warehouse (STORET)/WQX. (2023).
- 2. Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP); Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection (RCP); Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserves. Charlotte Harbor Estuaries Volunteer Water Quality Monitoring Network. (2024).
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- 4. Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Florida STORET / WIN. (2024).
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- 8. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); Office of Research and Development. Environmental Monitoring Assessment Program. (2004).
- 9. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); Office of Water; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); U.S. Geological Survey (USGS); U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS); National Estuary Program (NEP); coastal states. National Aquatic Resource Surveys, National Coastal Condition Assessment. (2021).
- 10. Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD). Southwest Florida Water Management District Water Quality Monitoring. (2024).
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- 12. Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC). Fisheries-Independent Monitoring (FIM) Program. (2022).
- 13. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); Center for Coastal Monitoring and Assessment. National Status and Trends Mussel Watch. (2000).